The Structure of Man

fr. Jean-Emmanuel, ocd Lyon, France 2017

The Challenges we face in interior prayer & what happens to us in Prayer.

In our society today, we have a problem knowing who we are and what goes on inside of us. We tend to live on the surface of ourselves and to define ourselves by the roles we play in society and/or in relationship with one another. We have trouble identifying what happens within ourselves but, there are however guideposts, 'maps' to help us navigate within.

Part 1 We are not a Solid Block

1/ The Human Being is Multi-dimensional:

We are <u>not</u> a **solid block:** this is one of the first important things to know about ourselves.

Example of cutting the finger, only the part cut hurts not the whole body.

Bringing this idea to our **interior world**, into **our prayer**, something can happen at one level of the soul while the other levels are not affected. People get discouraged though & give up because of the distractions on one level but we have several realities within us. These different levels have to gradually be discovered. We realize we are complex beings. **Self-Discovery or Self-Knowledge**: We progressively learn who we are. One of the **first fruits** of prayer is the discovery of **ourselves**. Once we begin to learn to live less at the **surface of ourselves**, we see our poverty, we learn that we are **incapable** of praying as we ought, we yawn, get bored, get distracted, look at our watch.

Part 2 What happens to our Senses in Interior Prayer?

2/ Dimensions of Man:

St. John of the Cross tells us that we have **two dimensions** — a Body (senses) & a Spirit (soul & spirit).

A. SENSORY Self:

Our bodies have 5 external senses & two internal senses that connect us to the world around us. It isn't here that God acts in prayer.

What happens to these **senses** in prayer?

Some traditions want us to cut ourselves off from our senses...but is this the goal? It isn't easy to do either.

External Senses: Sight, touch, hearing, smell, taste;

Internal Senses: Imagination & Appetites.

-Imagination: is the cinema open 24/7; John of the Cross calls it the **fantasia**. It is part of the **sensory world** (interior senses). It is between the senses of the body (turned outward) & the faculties of the soul (or spiritual part of man, turned inward).

What should we do since we can't stop the imagination in prayer? We have to give the imagination something to do because we can't stop it—there are techniques to stop the imagination but is this the goal?

Teresa says we have to give it 'some grain to grind'.

If we are **sad** St. Teresa tells us to keep Jesus company in the Garden;

If I am **joyful**, I can be with our Lord during the Transfiguration.

It is also possible to use a **book**, an **image**, an **icon**. These are **techniques** to occupy the imagination so that it **doesn't scatter** in a million directions.

The difficulty for us is that we tend to **identify** with our imagination. We think that if it is **agitated** that our whole being is agitated.

This isn't true. A good example of this is a storm at sea (calm beneath the surface, surface in turmoil). We have to discover & then access this deeper reality within ourselves.

Part 3 Goal of "Real Prayer": Inside to govern Outside

-Appetites (St. John of the Cross) are another problem. They are our Needs and Desires, 2 sides of a same coin. We have to manage our Needs/Desires or a desire can get out of control. We are full of them and they demand satisfaction of what's missing. Sometimes they contradict one another—I want to pray; I don't want to pray. I want calm; it is too calm I want noise. This happens at the sensory level. Real prayer doesn't take place at this level. In prayer we discover the unsatisfied and contradicting appetites. How can we bring them into

harmony? We try to deal with them at a sensory

level by forcing ourselves to quiet them but this is ineffective.

It isn't about eliminating God-given desires, necessary in themselves; It isn't about anorexia vs bulimia -all or nothing-.

What is important is to know that we have **disordered appetites** and **God** gradually, through prayer, orders our appetites at the **spiritual** level allowing this deeper, more stable level, to take over **governing** the sensory level.

When we **begin** the practice of prayer it is the exterior, sensory level that governs the interior, more stable level of the faculties of the soul. The practice of prayer progressively 'flips' this order so that the interior spiritual self, governs the exterior sensory self. It isn't an easy process.

Part 4 The Anatomy of the Soul

B. SPRITUAL Self:

What is found in our spiritual selves or our souls?

Well, there are **3 Spiritual Realities** at this deeper, abstract level of our being. It is at this level that God acts in prayer. We are made in God's image. Our soul houses our will, our intelligence & our memory or faculties of the soul.

God has intelligence and a will. He does not an imagination, senses or memory because He is eternal and lives outside of time.

-Intelligence:

Intelligence allows us to 'read' our interior life and establish cause and effect relationships between things. This ability to turn within, to 're'flect is unique to man. Intelligence also enables us through interior prayer to find this divine presence within.

-Will:

Our will decides or chooses at the level of the spirit. It has nothing to do with 'feeling like'(senses). The **true choice**, the choice between **good & evil** is made by the will.

The human being has a certain control over his existence. In prayer what do I choose? **Do I want to unite my will with the divine will** or, am I just praying to get God to do my will or for self-satisfaction all the while thinking God thinks like me?

Prayer is the discovery that I am entering into a relationship where there are two of us, another with a will too.

Memory: This faculty of the soul allows one to be situated in time; to be aware of time. Man has projects. He projects himself in time. God is not in time, He is eternal.

Part 5 Baptism & Virtues (Faith, Hope, Charity)

3/ Theological Virtues & Baptism:

(see handouts: Baptism; Nature of Man)

God is transcendent (other, another nature) while at the same time very near. He maintains us in existence. Without Him we would cease to exist.

God is 'The Center' of the soul per St. John of the Cross. We believe or come to learn to believe that this exercise of interior prayer leads us to **discover** that we will find God at our center.

Why can't we find him there right away? Well, we have many layers of attachments to the world around us that we are comfortable with. During the practice of prayer Christ acts within. It is important to let Him act. It is the gift we give to God—our time. Little by little we discover Him and He becomes the Master of our being; the 'motor' of our being.

He gives us His life, He allows us to participate in His Life (Baptism). He wants us to become 'sons of God', His sons, so He gives us a theological life—a life comes from God & allows us to unite with God. He gives us the 3 Theological virtues (Faith Hope Charity). These are supernatural virtues, are actually God Himself, and are grafted onto the soul (or the intelligence, will and memory) at Baptism. Gradually, over time these supernatural virtues purify our souls or make them over in the image of Christ.